In the Claims:

We claim:

- 1. (currently amended) Device for carrying out gas reactions, comprising a plasma reactor with a through-flow of gases, said plasma reactor having which has a plasma chamber, wherein flow-forming elements for forming the flow of gases are arranged at a position selected from the group consisting of before, in and after the plasma reactor to form a gas stream within the plasma chamber such that at least one zone in the gas flow is formed which is flow-reduced for producing a stable plasma, wherein said flow-forming elements are arranged to be adjustable.
- 2. (previously presented) Device according to claim 1, wherein the flow-forming elements arranged in the gas stream are configured as cones, drops, annular gaps, diaphragms, grids, baffle bodies, vortex tubes, cyclones or turbines.
- 3. (previously presented) Device according to claim 1, wherein a reaction tube is arranged axially after the reactor.
- 4. (currently amended) Device according to claim 1, wherein the plasma reactor has an inlet and an outlet, and wherein cooling chambers are arranged at a position selected from the group consisting of the inlet of the plasma reactor[[,]] and the outlet of the plasma reactor, in the wall of the reaction tube, and on the wall of the reaction tube.
- 5. (previously presented) Device according to claim 1, wherein feed elements are provided for introduction of cooling medium.
- 6. (previously presented) Device according to claim 5, wherein the feed elements form flow-forming elements.

- 7. (currently amended) Device according to claim [[1]] 3, wherein catalysts are arranged in the reaction tube, said catalysts in particular being heterogeneous catalysts on bottoms, in a basket, or in a form selected from the group consisting of granules, nets, catalytically acting gases and [[or as]] a monolith.
- 8. (withdrawn) Method for carrying out gas reactions by passing a stream of gas or of gasifiable substances through a microwave-excited plasma in a plasma chamber of a plasma reactor, to convert the components in a device according to claim 1, wherein by means of adjustable flow-forming elements at least one flow-reduced zone is formed in the gas stream in order to produce a stable plasma within such a zone.
- 9. (withdrawn) Process according to claim 8, by means of the flow-forming elements a rotation of the gas stream is achieved.
- 10. (withdrawn) Process according to claim 8, wherein heat is recovered by means of a heat exchanger integrated in the reaction tube for exploitation of the radiation energy.
- 11. (withdrawn) Process according to claim 8, wherein gases or aerosols are introduced via nozzles to control the temperature, to achieve a more efficient activation after the plasma by means of the feeds.
- 12. (withdrawn) Process according to claim 8, wherein the plasma is pulse-operated.
- 13. (previously presented) Device according to clam 1, wherein said plasma chamber is a cylindrical plasma chamber.
- 14. (previously presented) Device according to claim 1, wherein said at least one zone is a central zone.
- 15. (previously presented) Device according to claim 5, wherein said feed elements are

selected from the group consisting of nozzles, slots, and tubes.

- 16. (previously presented) Device according to claim, 5, wherein the cooling medium is selected from the group consisting of cold gases, liquid substances and part of the starting materials.
- 17. (previously presented) Device according to claim 7, wherein the catalysts are arranged to be displaceable in the reaction tube.
- 18. (withdrawn) Method according to claim 8, wherein the plasma passed through the plasma chamber is non-equilibrium plasma.
- 19. (withdrawn) Process according to claim 10, wherein heat is recovered by means of a heat exchanger integrated in the reaction tube using a black exchange surface.
- 20. (withdrawn) Process according to claim 11, wherein the gases introduced to control the temperature include hydrogen.
- 21. (withdrawn) Process according to claim 11, wherein the gases or aerosols are introduced to control the temperature in the reactor or recombination zone.
- 22. (withdrawn) Process according to claim 12, wherein the stream of gas or of gasifiable substances is pulse operated by pulse control in a microwave generator.
- 23. (withdrawn) Process according to claim 12, wherein the plasma is passed through a resonator, and the plasma is pulse-operated by pulsed coupling of the microwaves into the resonator at pulse frequencies of from 1 Hz to 50 Hz.
- 24. (new) Device according to claim 3, wherein the reaction tube has a wall, and cooling chambers are arranged at a position selected from the group consisting of in the wall of the reaction tube and on the wall of the reaction tube.

- 25. (new) Device according to claim 1, wherein the flow-forming elements for forming the flow of gases and cause a rotating gas stream in whose central part the rotation speed is lowest, for forming the flow-reduced zone in the rotation center.
- 26. (new) Device according to claim 25, wherein the flow-forming elements put the gas stream in rotation immediately before or after the chamber.
- 27. (new) Method for carrying out gas reactions by passing a stream of gas or of gasifiable substances through a plasma in a plasma chamber of a plasma reaction for converting the components in a device according to claim 1, wherein at least one flow-reduced zone is formed in the gas stream in the plasma chamber by adjustable flow-forming elements for producing a stable plasma within said at least one flow-reduced zone.
- 28. (new) Method according to claim 27, wherein a rotation of the gas stream is achieved by the flow-forming elements.
- 29. (new) Method according to claim 27, further comprising integrating a heat exchanger in the reaction tube for recovering heat.
- 30. (new) Method according to claim 27, further comprising introducing gases or aerosols via nozzles for controlling the temperature in the reaction or recombination zone.